




SIGGRAPH 2002, Course 59:
Introduction to OpenGL Programming

What is OpenGL?

- high-quality color images composed of geometric and image primitives
- window system independent
- operating system independent

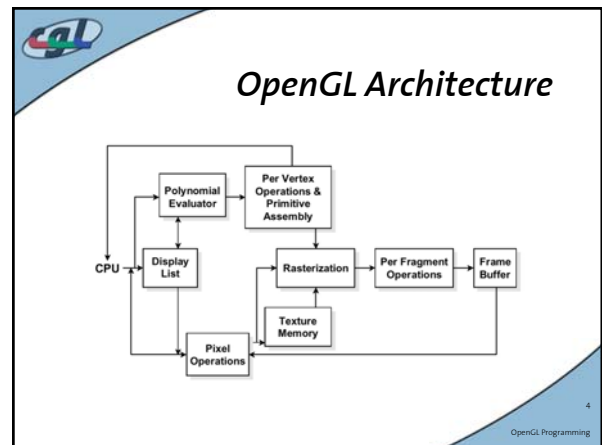

2
OpenGL Programming



OpenGL as a Renderer

- Geometric primitives
 - Points, lines and polygons
- Image primitives
 - Images and bitmaps
 - Separate pipeline for images & geometry ...linked through texture mapping
- Rendering depends on current state
 - Colors, materials, light sources, etc.

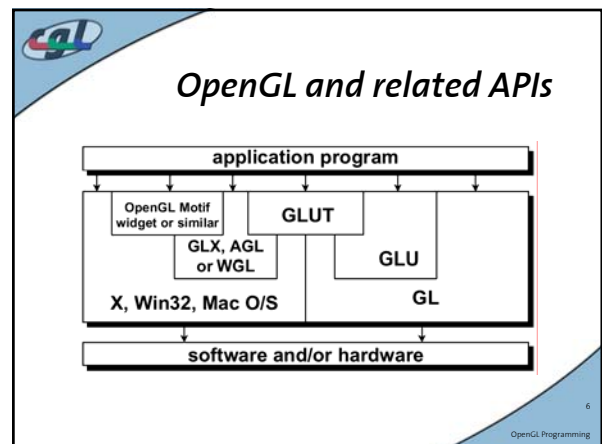
3
OpenGL Programming





Related APIs

- AGL, GLX, WGL
 - Glue between OpenGL and windowing system
- GLU (OpenGL Utility Library)
 - Part of OpenGL
 - NURBS, tessellators, quadric shapes, etc.
- GLUT (OpenGL Utility Toolkit)
 - Portable windowing API
 - not officially part of OpenGL

5
OpenGL Programming






Preliminaries

- Header files
 - `#include <GL/gl.h>`
 - `#include <GL/glu.h>`
 - `#include <GL/glut.h>`
- Libraries
- Enumerated types
 - OpenGL defines numerous types for compatibility (`GLfloat`, `GLint`, etc.)


7
OpenGL Programming



GLUT basics

- Application structure
 - Configure and open window
 - Initialize OpenGL state
 - Register input callback functions
 - render
 - resize
 - input: keyboard, mouse, etc.
 - Enter event processing loop

8
OpenGL Programming



Sample program

```


void main( int argc, char** argv )
{
    glutInitDisplayMode( GLUT_RGB | GLUT_DOUBLE );
    glutCreateWindow( argv[0] );
    init();

    glutDisplayFunc( display );
    glutReshapeFunc( resize );
    glutKeyboardFunc( key );
    glutIdleFunc( idle );

    glutMainLoop();
}

```

9
OpenGL Programming



OpenGL initialization

- Set up whatever state you are going to use


```

void init( void )
{
    glClearColor( 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0 );
    glClearDepth( 1.0 );

    glEnable( GL_LIGHT0 );
    glEnable( GL_LIGHTING );
    glEnable( GL_DEPTH_TEST );
}

```


10
OpenGL Programming



GLUT callback functions

- Routine to call when something happens
 - Window resize or redraw
 - User input
 - Animation
- Register callbacks with GLUT
 - `glutDisplayFunc(display);`
 - `glutIdleFunc(idle);`
 - `glutKeyboardFunc(keyboard);`

11
OpenGL Programming



Rendering callback

- Do all of your drawing here
 - `glutDisplayFunc(render);`
- Code Example


```

void render( void )
{
    glClear( GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT );
    glBegin( GL_TRIANGLE_STRIP );
    glVertex3fv( v[0] ); glVertex3fv( v[1] );
    glVertex3fv( v[2] ); glVertex3fv( v[3] );
    glEnd();
}

```

12
OpenGL Programming

Idle callback

- Use for animation and continuous update
`glutIdleFunc(idle);`
- Code example


```
void idle(void)
{
    t +=dt;
    glutPostRedisplay();
}
```

13
OpenGL Programming

User input callback

- Process user input
`glutKeyboardFunc(keyboard);`
- Code example


```
void keyboard(char key, int x, int y)
{
    switch(key) {
        case q: case Q:
            exit(); break;
        case r: case R:
            rotate = GL_TRUE; break;
    }
}
```

14
OpenGL Programming

OpenGL geometric primitives

- All geometric primitives are specified by vertices

15
OpenGL Programming

Specifying geometric primitives

- Primitives are specified using:
`glBegin(type); ... glEnd();`
- Code example


```
GLfloat red, green, blue;
GLfloat coords[3];
glBegin( type );
    for (i =0; i<nVerts; ++i) {
        glColor3f( red, green, blue );
        glVertex3fv( coords );
    }
glEnd();
```

16
OpenGL Programming

OpenGL command formats

`glVertex3fv(v)`

Number of components	Data type	Vector
2 - (x,y)	b - byte	Omit "v" for scalar form <code>glVertex2f(x,y)</code>
3 - (x,y,z)	ub - unsigned byte	
4 - (x,y,z,w)	s - short	
		us - unsigned short
	i - int	
	ui - unsigned int	
	f - float	
	d - double	

17
OpenGL Programming